The Software Management Plan

Stéphanie Cheviron







What is a SMP?

- → A document describing how a software project is developed, maintained, and organised.
- → The goal of an SMP is to ensure that the software is usable and maintainable in the long term.
- → An SMP is written by the developers, maintainers, and/or other stakeholders of a software project.

What is a research software?

Research software includes **source code files, algorithms, scripts, computational workflows and executables** that were created during the research process or for a research purpose.

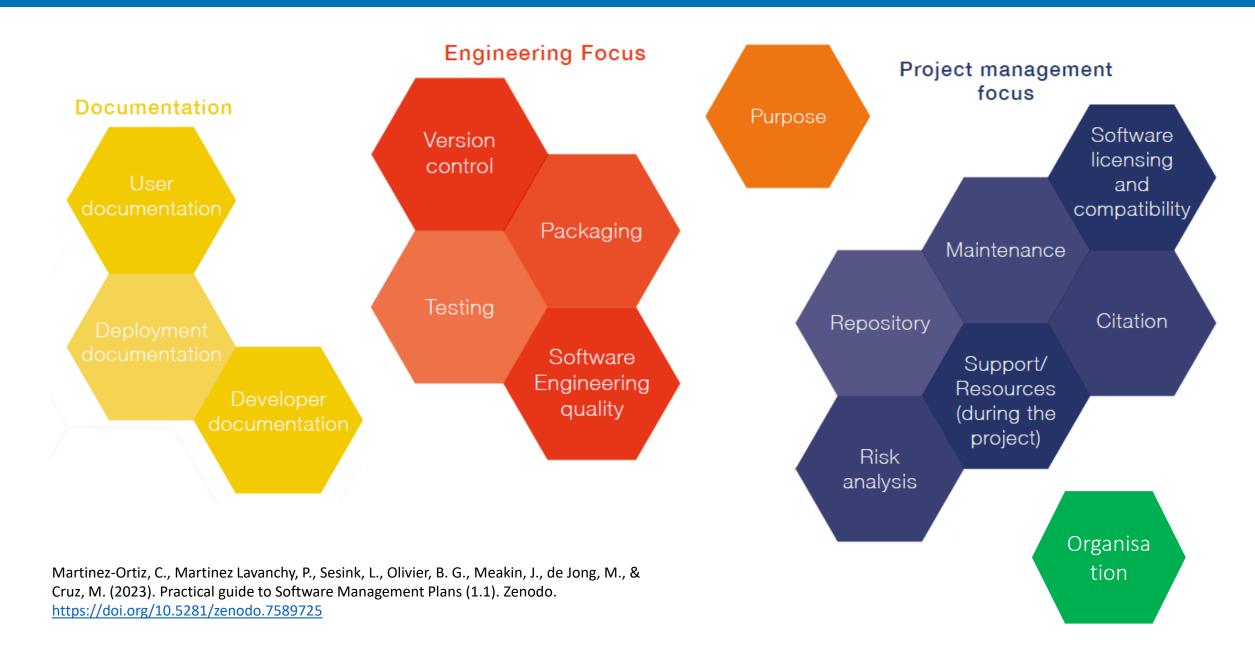
Software components (e.g., operating systems, libraries, dependencies, packages, scripts, etc.) that are **used for research but** were not created during or with a clear research intent should be considered **software in research** and not Research Software.

Definition from FAIR for Research Software Working Group (a joint initiative of RDA, ReSA and FORCE11)

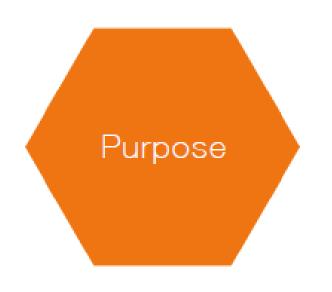
Why is it important?

- > It explains why the software is necessary and beneficial for the research communities.
- > By adding context, it make the research software reusable and sustainable.
- It's a project management tool (just like DMPs) → it helps you plan for the necessary resources
- All research software, whether open or closed source (for example, in case of security concerns or commercial interests), can benefit from using SMPs.

What is in a SMP?



Purpose



> What is the software used for?

> Who is it designed for?

Source: Practical guide to Software Management Plans (1.1).

https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7589725

Engineering



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Version control: Which version control system are you using?

Packaging: Do you use package managers to allow users to install/deploy your software? What package format?

Testing: What types of tests are you using to ensure your software continues to work as intended? (unit, functional, integration, linting, typing, regression, etc.)

Software Engineering quality: What measures were/are in place to ensure code quality?

Documentation



User documentation: How can the software be used?

Deployment documentation: How can the software be installed?

Developer documentation: How can the software be modified and tested?

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Project management



Source: Practical guide to Software Management Plans (1.1). https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7589725 **Software licensing and compatibility:** What is the license of your software?

Maintenance: What type of maintenance is in place? Whenever suitable, develop a retirement strategy for your software.

Citation: Did you add information indicating how your software should be cited?

Repository: In which repository will you deposit releases of your software? Does it provide a PID?

Support (during the project): What are the resources necessary to reach the level of service provided by your software? HR, training, hardware, etc.

Risk analysis: Are there other factors that could have an impact on your software? (compliance with privacy policies, security considerations, portability, etc.)

Organisation



- > Who is in charge of the software (governance, consortium, etc.) ?
- > List the team members. Who is responsible for what?
- > Who is in charge of the SMP?

A tool to write a SMP

DMP OPIDoR

Based on **DMP Roadmap** by

Digital Curation Centre and the University of

California Curation Centre, and customized by INIST-CNRS for French researchers

DMP OPIDOR

Several DMPs templates (ANR, Horizon Europe, ERC,...) and 2 SMP templates:

- > Research Software Management Plan template (PRESOFT project)
- > SSI Software Management Plan template

dmp.opidor.fr

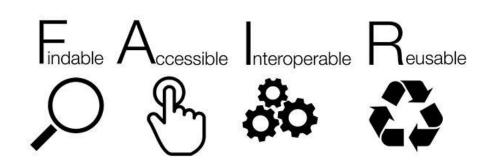
FAIR for Research Softwares



FAIR Principles for Research Software (FAIR4RS Principles) <u>10.15497/RDA00068</u>

The FAIR for Research Software Working Group was jointly convened as a Research Data Alliance (RDA) Working Group, FORCE11 Working Group, and Research Software Alliance (ReSA) Task Force.





Self-assessment for FAIR research software

How to use this page

If you are a research software author, please answer the questions below to assess your software's FAIRness. As you go through them, the progress bars at the bottom of the screen will update according to your answers. When you're done with the questions, copy the badge at the bottom of the page and put it in your software's README. Read more.

Findable Accessible Interoperable Reusable	Get the badge
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https://fairsoftwarechecklist.net/v0.2/

Preservation of softwares and source codes



Deposit your source code files on HAL

http://doc.hal.science/deposer/deposer-le-code-source/

Archive your source code files and softwares on SH

https://hal.science



https://www.softwareheritage.org

Resources

- > Martinez-Ortiz, C., Martinez Lavanchy, P., Sesink, L., Olivier, B. G., Meakin, J., de Jong, M., & Cruz, M. (2023). Practical guide to Software Management Plans (1.1). Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7589725
- > Zotero library about Software Management Plan : https://www.zotero.org/groups/4684302/software management plan smp/library
- > Citation File Format (CFF) : https://citation-file-format.github.io/
- > The CodeMeta Project : https://codemeta.github.io/

Webinar (in french) Friday 21 June (13:00 to 14:00) about CodeMeta and metadata for describing a software with Jérôme Pansanel (SCIGNE, IPHC, CNRS)

→ more information <u>here</u>

It will be recorded and will be available on: https://printempsdeladonnee.fr/ressources/

Thanks for your attention!





Stéphanie Cheviron

Research Data Librarian +33 (0)3 68 85 07 93 scheviron@unistra.fr